I. 单词：(15%)

1. Rather than portraying Joseph II as a radical reformer whose reign was strikingly enlightened, the play *Amadeus* depicts him as a _______ thinker, too committed to orthodox theories of musical composition to appreciate an artist of Mozart’s genius.
   (A) ostentatious (B) doctrinaire (C) prodigious (D) devoid

2. Although he was generally considered an extremely _______ individual, his testimony at the trial revealed that he had been very hypocritical.
   (A) guileless (B) formidable (C) arduous (D) callous

3. Among contemporary writers of fiction, Virginia Woolf is an _______ figure, in some ways as radical as James Joyce, in others no more modern than Jane Austen.
   (A) abstemious (B) autonomous (C) anomalous (D) anonymous

4. When facts are _______ and data are hard to come by, even scientists occasionally throw aside the professional disguise, and shamelessly appeal to authority and subjective arguments.
   (A) exuberant (B) sleek (C) viable (D) elusive

5. The child was so spoiled by her indulgent parents that she became _______ when she did not receive all of their attention.
   (A) elated (B) sullen (C) shrewd (D) placid

6. With broadband becoming _______, Internet video is the hottest new thing and YouTube is the place to check it out.
   (A) prestigious (B) ubiquitous (C) resplendent (D) malevolent

7. In an age of _______ consumerism, fueled by the increasing speed of technology, we are often inundated with an over abundance of choices.
   (A) transient (B) immanent (C) extravagant (D) burgeoning

8. During the trial, the convicted man’s family _______ the judge for a higher sentence.
   (A) declaimed (B) supplicated (C) contorted (D) coerced

9. The salesman promised that his amazing machine--- a vacuum cleaner would _______ us from hours of backbreaking housework.
   (A) conscribe (B) preside (C) emancipate (D) speculate
10. Our country has been working _____ to strengthen the ties among those countries which have diplomatic relationship with us.
   (A) assiduously   (B) anonymously   (C) pervasively   (D) inimically

11. The boy was charged with _____ a criminal even though he himself did not commit the robbery; he merely drove the get away car.
   (A) abating   (B) abetting   (C) amending   (D) assenting

12. The fact that in some countries the AIDS virus infects more than 50% of the population is practically _____, but as hard as it is to believe, it is true.
   (A) unfathomable   (B) incorrigible   (C) impetuous   (D) untenable

13. In most offices, the typewriter has now been _____ by the computer. Typewriters are outmoded.
   (A) supplanted   (B) slanted   (C) stymied   (D) shunned

14. If I want immediate _____ of information, I will tell a well-known gossip who will quickly scatter the news.
   (A) dissection   (B) defoliation   (C) dissemination   (D) destitution

15. Some industrialists in Taiwan are _____ benefactors. They are unsparing in their effort to help those in need.
   (A) insentient   (B) malodorous   (C) laggard   (D) munificent

II. 克漏字：(20%)

(A) It is a little known fact that roughly one-third of what American professional women earn goes towards their appearance. Many reasons have been _____ to account for why so many of these seemingly empowered and sophisticated women remain so _____ with their looks, the most often-cited one being that in the world of business, individual looks are an increasingly influential factor. _____ obvious, nevertheless, is the nature of beauty itself—what makes one person visually pleasing, but another ____ to the eye? Now, as the aesthetic ____ of women spur on an ever more lucrative beauty industry, anthropologists and cosmetic companies alike are striving for answers to this eternal question.

16. (A) put forth   (B) set about   (C) carried out   (D) glossed over
17. (A) preoccupied   (B) fascinated   (C) swamped   (D) infested
18. (A) The most   (B) Even more   (C) Rather than   (D) Far less
19. (A) resistant   (B) vulnerable   (C) repulsive   (D) pertinent
20. (A) aspirations   (B) accumulations   (C) inspirations   (D) possessions
Thomas Watson Jr. told Wharton students in 1973 that good design is good business. The idea seemed quixotic, silly even. To many people, design still meant the polish of nicer homes and cleaner graphics. But Watson had earned the right to his belief. The recently retired IBM CEO was a business oracle, the company tenfold during his tenure by transforming its signature product line. Once the grime of cogs and springs, Big Blue had become the face of a new computer age. Watson had always been a pioneering advocate for design. In 1953, he recruited Eliot Noyes to reinvent the street-level showroom at IBM's Manhattan headquarters. And as IBM transformed, it became with the rise of modernism. Innovation today is linked with design—- and design has been a decisive advantage in countless industries, not to mention crucial tool to commoditization. The easiest is that design allows us to customer's lust--- and demand higher prices as a result. So why change? Because good design is very profitable.

21. (A) artificial (B) superficial (C) beneficial (D) facial
22. (A) grown (B) growing (C) having grown (D) having been grown
23. (A) rooted in (B) presiding over (C) banked on (D) showing off
24. (A) detrimental (B) feasible (C) effusive (D) synonymous
25. (A) inexplicably (B) inextricably (C) infinitely (D) coincidentally
26. (A) ward off (B) kick back (C) pave the way for (D) make quick work of
27. (A) upgrade (B) sustain (C) stoke (D) gauge

The development of human civilization nearly entails how the notion of statistics has evolved and been put into practice. Around two thousand years ago, a census by Caesar Augustus became part of the greatest story ever told. Questionable it may seem to the people at present, the census could be considered unprecedented in the history of statistics. Now it is the census taker that does the traveling in the fond hope that a population will stay long enough to gain a thorough sampling. the completion of census taking, methods of gathering, recording and evaluating information have been innovated a great deal over the centuries. And while it was the modest purpose of Rome to obtain a simple head count as an adequate basis for taxes, now batteries of complicated statistical series governmental agencies and private organizations are eagerly scanned and interpreted by sages and seers to get a clue to future events. our more immediate concern, the reliability of present-day economic forecasting, there are considerable differences of opinion. Some people talked about newfangled computers and high-falutin mathematical systems in terms of excitement and endearment. However, others pointed to the deplorable record of highly esteemed forecasts and forecasters. The president of the American Statistical Association cautioned that “high powered statistical methods are usually in order the facts are crude and inadequate, the exact contrary of what crude and inadequate statisticians assume.”
The birth of cosmetic reconstructive surgery truly occurred many hundreds of years later and over the past ten years plastic surgery has become very popular with more and more people refusing to grow old. It is however not limited to young women; men and women alike are interested in cosmetic surgery and it even gains popularity in mainstream culture. It seems that people are judged on their abilities alone but on their appearance and more and more people are choosing to go under the knife in an effort to shape themselves into an objective and ideal beauty.

The “image” of beauty portrayed by the media is usually the adjectives, young, very slim, and most often white. Having a body weight of 15% below normal for one’s height, age and weight is considered ideal. In other words, people should be anorexic to meet the media’s image of beauty. The message is that only their image of beauty is acceptable. This ideal image and weight, however, is unattainable for 99% women and most images of models appearing on magazines have been airbrushed to perfection to attain that “perfect” image of beauty.

Sadly, for many people, the quest for beauty has turned into an all-out obsession. Unsurprisingly, the newfound obsession is a convenient marketing tool because 99% of the female population is not satisfied with their appearance and therefore will be more likely to buy slimming, cosmetics or turn to plastic surgery. The industry uses media to keep people thinking that they should maintain the slender or even skinny shape. This idea is simply unattainable and the desire for it will never be met so the demand for the industry will never decrease. And the very industries that profit from inadequacy will continue to prosper.
IV. 閱讀測驗：(5%)

A widely held theory today is that the ancestors of today’s Native American peoples traveled to the Western Hemisphere from Asia between 25,000 and 30,000 years ago, which was around the same time that Japan was being settled by Stone Age inhabitants. There is dental evidence and blood-type evidence to support this theory. A dental pattern that is found among most ancient human fossils in the Americas is consistent with the dental pattern of ancient human fossils in northeastern Asia. In blood type, the fact that blood type B is almost nonexistent among Native American populations but exists in Asian populations leads to the conclusion that migrations to the Americas from Asia took place before the evolution of blood type B, which is believed to have occurred around 30,000 years ago. In addition to the dental and blood-type evidence, more general evolutionary evidence suggests that it took more than 20,000 years for the variety of physical traits common to Native American populations to evolve, and linguists broadly concur that the development of the approximately 500 distinct languages of the Native American would require approximately 25,000 years.

The proposed migration from Asia to the Americas took place during the Ice Age that characterized the Pleistocene epoch. During that period of time, there were huge glaciers holding enormous volumes of water, and, because of the huge glaciers, sea levels were as much as 100 meters lower than they are today. The reduced sea levels meant that Asia and North America were linked with a 750-mile-wide landmass, named Beringia after the Bering Straits that now cover it, and consisted of treeless grassland with warm summers and cold dry winters. Because of the geographical features of Beringia during the Pleistocene epoch, it was an environment well-suited to the large mammals of the time, such as mammoth, mastodon, bison, horse, and reindeer, as well as to the Stone Age hunters who depended on these animals for their existence. The Stone Age inhabitants of the area used these animals not only for food but also for shelter, clothing, and weapons; they were able to spread out and expand their hunting areas as their populations grew, and their populations most likely grew at a very high rate because of the huge amount of territory available for expansion.

In spite of the evidence, not all anthropologists are convinced that the migrations from Asia to the Americas took place as early as 25,000 to 30,000 years ago. There is general agreement that the migrations took place, but some believe that the migrations took place much later. No fossilized human bones have been found in what used to be Beringia; finding human bones dating from 25,000 to 30,000 years ago would be strong proof of the dates when the migration took place. However, because what was once Beringia is submerged beneath ocean waters, it may be a formidable task to uncover fossil evidence of migration from Asia to the Americas through Beringia.
46. The phrase **broadly concur** in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.
   (A) to hold opposite views
   (B) to have heated debates
   (C) to be skeptical of the status quo
   (D) to reach an agreement

47. Which of the following statements is NOT provided as evidence to support the hypothesis that the migration discussed in the passage occurred 25,000 and 30,000 years ago?
   (A) The dental patterns of the human fossils found in the Americas and Asia are common.
   (B) It took the Native Americans roughly 25,000 years to decide on the universal language.
   (C) There are variations in blood types between Asians and Native Americans.
   (D) The variety of the physical features of Native Americans requires time to develop.

48. Which of the following statements is TRUE about Beringia?
   (A) Beringia serves as the source of the name Bering Straits.
   (B) Beringia used to be covered with lush trees and grass as a suitable habitat for many species.
   (C) Beringia has become inaccessible because it has been submerged under glaciers.
   (D) Beringia provided the inhabitants with a suitable environment for survival due to the spacious territory

49. What can be inferred from paragraph 2?
   (A) Since the Ice Age, the amount of water in the oceans has decreased drastically.
   (B) Glaciers have grown tremendously since the last Ice Age.
   (C) During the Ice Age, sea levels were low because of how much water was frozen.
   (D) During the Ice Age, huge glaciers displaced a lot of water, causing the oceans to rise.

50. Which of the following titles can be the best follow-up research topic?
   (A) How to reach fossilized human bones in what used to be Beringia.
   (B) How to dissect human bones discovered in Beringia.
   (C) How to scrutinize the lives of the mammals in the Ice Age.
   (D) How to examine the dental structure of human bones discovered in the Pleistocene epoch.